CASE D0295 NP

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LISTING OF CLAIMS

- (Currently Amended) An in vitro method cell based assay for evaluating cellular responses to peroxisome proliferator activated receptor (PPAR) ligands of identifying a peroxisome proliferator activated receptor (PPAR) modulater comprising the steps of:
 - determining a first level mRNA transcript level of a PPAR responsive gene formed selected from the group consisting of pyruvate dehydrogenase kinase-4 (PDK-4) and adipocyte differentiation relating protein (ADRP), expressed in a cell endogenously expressing one or more PPARs;
 - (b) contacting [[the]] said cell endogenously expressing the one or more PPARs with a test compound that binds known or suspected to bind to the one or more PPARs in vitro;
 - (c) incubating said cell and said test compound;
 - ([[c]] d) measuring a second level mRNA transcript level of [[the]] said PPAR responsive gene formed expressed in the cell; and
 - ([[d]] e) comparing the first level of mRNA transcript with the second level of mRNA transcript,

wherein, a difference in the first and second evels of mRNA transcript indicates the test compound is a PPAR modulator.

- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the one or more PPARs is selected from the group consisting of PPAR- α , PPAR- $\beta(\delta)$, and PPAR- γ .
 - (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the cell is a mammalian cell.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[3]] 1, wherein the mammalian cell is [[a]] the human proximal tubule derived cell [[(]]HK-2[[)]].
 - (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the PPAR responsive gene is selected from the group consisting of pyrtivate dehydrogenase kinase 4 (PDK-4) and adipocyte differentiation relating protein (ADRP).

6-16 (Canceled)

- (New) An assay for evaluating responses to PPAR ligands comprising the steps of:
 - (a) determining, in a cell, a first mRNA transcript level of ADRP;

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- incubating said cell and said test compound; (c)
- measuring a second mRNA transcript level of ADRP in the cell; and (d)
- (e) comparing the first level of mRNA transcript with the second level of mRNA transcript,

wherein, a difference in the first and second levels of mRNA transcript indicates the test compound is a PPAR modulator.

- (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the one or more PPARs is selected from (18) the group consisting of PPAR- α , PPAR- $\beta(\delta)$, and PPAR- γ .
 - (New) The method of claim 17, wherein the cell is a mammalian cell. (19)
- (New) The method of claim 17, wherein the cell is the human proximal tubule (20)085 -> derived cell HK-2.
 - (New) An assay for evaluating responses to PPAR ligands comprising the steps (21) of:
 - determining, in a cell, a first mRNA transcript level of a PPAR responsive (a)
 - contacting said cell with a single dose of a test compound that binds one (b) or more PPARs;
 - incubating said cell and said test compound; (c)
 - measuring a second mRNA transcript level of a PPAR responsive gene in (d) the cell; and
 - comparing the first level of mRNA transcript with the second level of (e) mRNA transcript,

wherein, a difference in the first and second levels of mRNA transcript indicates the test compound is a PPAR modulator.

- (New) The method of claim 21, wherein the one or more PPARs is selected from the group consisting of PPAR-α, PPAR-β(δ), and PPAR-γ.
 - (New) The method of claim 21, wherein the cell is a mammalian cell.
- (New) The method of claim 21, wherein the cell is the human proximal tubule derived cell HK-2.